SERIES 80 TEMPERATURE CONTROLLERS

Instruction Manual



MADE IN U.S.A.





ATHENA

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SECTION 1 GENERAL INTRODUCTION

1.1 GENERAL DESCRIPTION AND CAUTIONS.

The Athena Series 80 Controllers are designed for accurate temperature control of ovens, molds, hot stamping machines, packaging machinery, heat tracing, and for replacement of bulb and capillary type temperature controllers. Limit configurations have FM approval.



Possible Fire Hazard. Because these temperature controls or associated equipment may not always fail safe, an approved temperature and/or pressure safety control should be used for safe operation.

1.2 CONFIGURATIONS.

- A- Open PCB unit with set point on the PCB
- B Open PCB unit with remote set point
- * D T case with set point on the case
 - L High limit controller, D configuration with reset button on case
 - * T case 86 series only

1.3 SPECIFICATIONS.

Set Point:	Single turn, 270° rotation Potentiometer (Local or Remote)
Set Point Resolution:	1% with circuit board potentiometer 1/4% with remote potentiometer
Calibration Accuracy:	1% at calibration points withremote potentiometer2% at calibration pointsPotentiometer on circuit board
Ambient Temperature Range:	30° to 130° F Series 82 & 86 30° to 150°F Series 88
Cold Junction Compensation:	Internal electrical bridge
Differential/Proportional Band:	Adjustable from differential of 5° F to proportional band of 25° F
Thermocouple Break Protection:	UPSCALE
Output:	B - S.P.S.T. relay 10A/5A H - S.P.S.T. relay 15A S - Pulsed D.C. 0-20Vdc T - S.P.S.T. SS relay 1A
Supply Voltage:	$120/240 \pm 10\%$ V 50/60 Hz.
Power Consumption:	2 watts
Weight:	1 pound, 8 oz. (0.68 kg) with case and cover

SECTION 2 PRELIMINARY INSTRUCTIONS

2.1 UNPACKING.

Carefully unpack the instrument and inspect for shipping damage. Report any damage to the carrier immediately.

2.2 LOCATING.

Select a location for the controller where it will not be subjected to excessive shock, vibration, dirt, moisture and/or oil. The ambient temperature of the area should be between 30° F and 130° F (Series 82 & 86) 30° F and 150° F (Series 88)

2.3 MOUNTING. (SERIES 82,86,88)

Panel Mounting, External Set Point:

- 1. Remove knob with small screwdriver and take off the nut holding the scale to the potentiometer.
- 2. Mount potentiometer through a 3/8" hole in your panel; put scale over shaft and tighten nut.
- 3. Turn shaft counter clockwise until it stops.
- 4. Now put knob back on and line up its indicating mark with the arrow on scale.
- 5. Tighten knob. The unit is now calibrated.

Metal Mounting Case:

- 1. Remove the two screws holding the cover. Remove the cover.
- 2. Carefully spread the plastic holding track and remove the circuit board.
- 3. Mount the base and plastic track with the appropriate hardware (not supplied) through the two 11/64" dia. mounting holes.
- 4. Replace circuit board by aligning one side in track and then gently press in the opposite side. Replace the cover.



2.4 WIRING.

Consult the wiring diagrams on page 4. The unit can be operated with 120/240V 50/60 Hz line voltage. Be certain that the correct voltage is applied to the proper terminals. Cooling loads can be driven from the "N.C." terminal.

2.5 THERMOCOUPLE PLACEMENT.

Proper thermocouple placement can eliminate many problems in the system. The probe should be placed so that it can detect any temperature change with little thermal lag. In a process that requires fairly constant heat output, the probe should be placed close to the heater. In processes where heat demand is variable, the probe should be close to the work area. Some experimenting with probe location will provide optimum results. Extension wires must be of sufficient size so that on long runs the thermocouple circuit resistance does not exceed 100 ohms.

SECTION 3 OPERATION/MAINTENANCE

3.1 OPERATION.

After all connections are completed. adjust the Setpoint knob to the desired temperature and apply line voltage. Adjust the MODE potentiometer as per section 3.3. If Proportional operation has been selected. the output will cycle on and off continuously. If On-Off mode has been selected, the output will change state only as temperature varies around the setpoint.

3.2 LIMIT CONTROL.

Adjust the Setpoint to the desired limit temperature. Apply power and press the Manual Reset button. The Control relay is now latched, the normally open and common contacts closed. When the process temperature being monitored by the limit thermocouple reaches the set value, the limit relay will change state and remain in that state until the monitored temperature falls below the setpoint and the Manual Reset button is depressed. An option is available to provide automatic reset of the limit upon application of control power.

3.3 ADJUSTMENTS.

The MODE adjustment allows the control mode to be proportional to On-Off.

For processes requiring very accurate control, adjust the MODE

potentiometer clockwise in the Proportional sector until process temperature oscillations just stop.

For processes such as mechanical refrigeration systems, fans, and solenoid valves, and wherever continuous cycling would be detrimental to the load handler, On-Off control should be used. Adjusting the



MODE potentiometer counterclockwise from its center of travel provides On-Off control. The amount of hysteresis (differential) is increased with further ccw adjustments of the MODE potentiometer. Adjustment here provides a compromise between closest temperature control and minimum cycling of the load handler.



3.4 MAINTENANCE.

- 1. Keep the controller fairly clean and protect it from dirt, water, and corrosive fumes.
- 2. Periodically recheck electrical connections.
- 3. Replace the relay if the contacts become electrically worn.



Applying incorrect voltage will damage controller. Shorted heaters or wires can damage the relay. For maximum protection, fuse incoming power lines with a fast 10A fuse.

SECTION 4 TROUBLESHOOTING

Prior to checking controller operation, insure system peripherals are functional as follows:

Wiring. Circuit correctly wired

Thermocouple. Correct type, continuity O.K.

Line voltage. Within spec.

Load handler. Functional.

4.1 TROUBLESHOOTING STEPS.

- 1. Connect simulated sensor input, as follows: Millivolt input: thermocouple units Resistance bridge: R.T.D. units
- 2. Connect output measurement device to appropriate terminals:

"B" output	Ohmmeter
"T" output	AC Voltmeter. Controller output connected to inductive device.
"S" output	DC Voltmeter
"F" output	DC Milliammeter

- 3. Adjust the MODE potentiometer fully counterclockwise.
- 4. Connect and apply line voltage.
- 5. Adjust Setpoint to mid-range.
- 6. Adjust the simulated sensor input to below setpoint and observe output on; calling for heat.
- 7. Adjust the simulated sensor input to above setpoint and observe output off; not calling for heat.
- 8. If no output state change in steps 6 & 7
 - a. Defective output device
 - b. Defective controller electronics

Output relays and ss relays can be field changed. Return the controller to the appropriate repair center for electronics repairs.

SECTION 5 REPLACEMENT PARTS

5.1 REPLACEMENT PART NUMBERS.

"B" Plug-In Module	Part number: 218B006U01 Description #A-60G2-6
'H' Solder-In Relay	Part number 218B008U01
"H" Plug-In Relay	Part number 218B003U0l
"H" Plug-In Base	Part number 241A00SU01
"T" Plug-In Module	Part number 218B007U01 Description #A-60G2-2

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